

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Metal 3D Printing Service

Large-format metal additive manufacturing — Laser Powder Bed Fusion (LPBF / SLM)



Precision metal parts produced by laser powder bed fusion — complex geometries that cannot be machined or cast.

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SECTION I

Service Overview

ACS Material offers industrial metal 3D printing (metal additive manufacturing) built on XDM laser powder bed fusion (LPBF / SLM) technology. A high-power laser selectively melts fine metal powder one thin layer at a time, fusing each layer to the one below to build a fully dense metal component directly from a digital model. Because the part is grown rather than cut, the process produces geometries that are difficult or impossible to machine — internal cooling channels, conformal passages, lattice and topology-optimized structures, and consolidated assemblies.

From functional prototypes to end-use production parts, the service is engineered and quoted to each project. With build volumes up to 2000 × 2000 × 650 mm, ACS Material can produce large metal components as a single, seamless print — a scale well beyond the roughly 600 mm envelope of most industrial metal 3D printers. Please contact us with your design for materials, feasibility, and pricing.

SECTION II

Capabilities

Parameter	Specification
Process	Laser Powder Bed Fusion (LPBF / SLM)
Build Volume (W × D × H)	Customizable, from 120 × 120 × 100 mm (4 × 4 × 3 in) to 2000 × 2000 × 650 mm (78 × 78 × 25 in)
Equipment Models	XDM 120, XDM 250, XDM 300, XDM 420, XDM 500, XDM 750, XDM 2000
Materials	Stainless steel, tool steel, titanium, aluminum, cobalt-chrome, nickel-based, and copper alloys
Part Density	> 99% (typical)
Layer Thickness	20–60 μm (typical)
Post-Processing	Heat treatment, machining, and surface finishing (as required)

Process-typical values are shown for orientation; the exact build volume, tolerances, and finish achievable for a given part are confirmed at the time of quotation.

SECTION III

Materials

Alloy	Key properties & typical use
Stainless steel	Corrosion resistance and strength; general prototypes, fluid-handling, medical and industrial parts
Tool & maraging steel	High hardness and strength; tooling, molds, dies, and inserts
Titanium alloys	High strength-to-weight, corrosion resistance, biocompatibility; aerospace and medical implants
Aluminum alloys	Lightweight with good thermal conductivity; heat exchangers, brackets, automotive and aerospace
Cobalt-chrome	Wear and corrosion resistance, high-temperature strength, biocompatibility; medical, dental, turbine

Alloy	Key properties & typical use
Nickel-based alloys	Strength and oxidation resistance at high temperature; combustion, aerospace, energy hardware
Copper alloys	High thermal and electrical conductivity; heat exchangers, induction coils, thermal management

Additional alloys and material grades are available depending on the project.

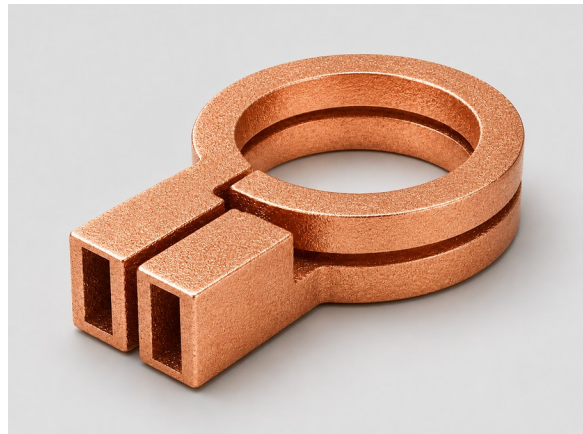
SECTION IV
Applications

- Aerospace & Defense
- Automotive & Motorsport
- Medical & Dental
- Energy & Thermal Management
- Industrial Tooling & Molds
- Electronics & Induction
- Research & Education

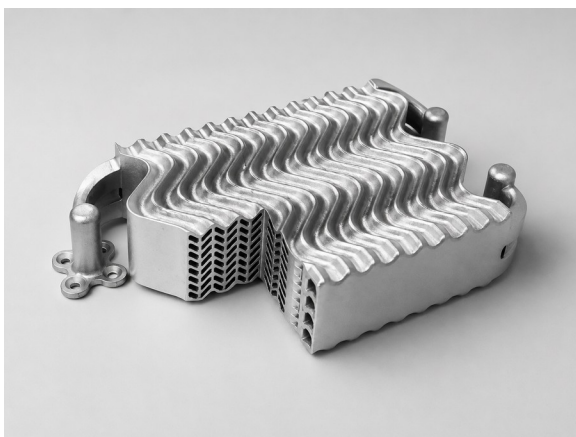
Sample parts



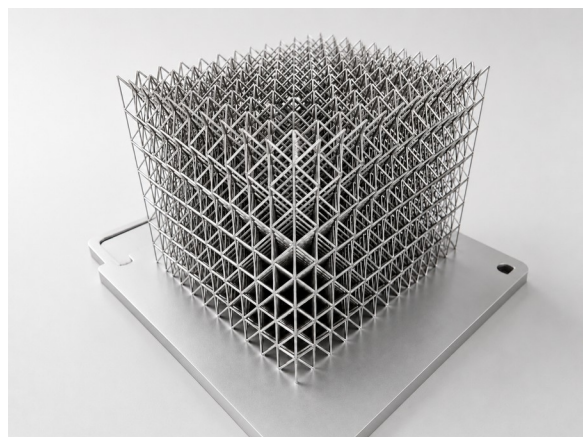
Sample of 3D-printed medical implant



Sample of 3D-printed induction coil



Sample of 3D-printed heat exchanger



Sample of 3D-printed lattice structures

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